UNICLEAN TANK BRITE

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878
Issue date: 09/02/2014 Revision date: 25/11/2024 Supersedes version of: 01/02/2023 Version: 4.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	:	Mixture
Product name	:	UNICLEAN TANK BRITE
Product code	:	161161427
Type of product	:	Acids
Product group	:	Blend

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category	:	Industrial use
Industrial/Professional use spec	:	Industrial/ Industrial spraying
Function or use category	:	Cleaning/washing agents and additives

Title	Use descriptors
	SU3, PC35, PROC1, PROC7

Full text of use descriptors: see section 16

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

UNICLEAN CHEMICAL & GASES LTD - UNIMARINE GROUP
PTOLEMEON 53
3041 LIMASSOL
CYPRUS
T +35725331054
info@unimarine-services.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : +35725331054

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Corrosive to Metals Category 1	H290
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	H319

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Causes serious eye damage and eye irritation.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :

GHS05

Signal word (CLP) : Warning

Hazard statements (CLP) : H290 – May be corrosive to metals.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements (CLP) : P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P264 - Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, eye protection, face protection.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P305+P351+P338+P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a doctor.
P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

2.3. Other hazards

The substance 2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol is listed in the Europe Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Phosphoric acid	CAS-No.: 7664-38-2 EC-No.: 231-633-2 EC Index-No.: 015-011-00-6 REACH-no: Not available	60-100	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1, Corrosive to Metals Category 1, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1; H318, H290, H314
primary c9-c11 alcoholethoxylate	CAS-No.: 68439-46-3 EC-No.: Not available EC Index-No.: Not available REACH-no: Not available	1-5	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2; H319
2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol	CAS-No.: 112-34-5 EC-No.: 203-961-6 EC Index-No.: 603-096-00-8 REACH-no: Not Available	1-5	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2; H319
nitric acid	CAS-No.: 77-92-9 EC-No.: 201-069-1 EC Index-No.: Not Available REACH-no: Not Available	1-5	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2; H319

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Call a physician immediately. Remove all contaminated clothing.
First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician immediately.
First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects	:	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	:	Burns.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	:	Serious damage to eyes.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	:	Burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. **DO NOT** attempt to neutralise the acid since exothermic reaction may extend the corrosive injury.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Carbon dioxide. BCF. Dry powder. Foam. Sand. Water spray.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	:	Non combustible. Not considered to be a significant fire risk.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	:	Corrosive vapours. Acids may react with metals to produce hydrogen, a highly flammable and explosive gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire	:	Evacuate area.
Firefighting instructions	:	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. **Do not** approach containers suspected to be hot.
Protection during firefighting	:	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	:	Evacuate area.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapours.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	:	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	:	Minor spills: Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Major spills: Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.
Other information	:	Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	:	Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe spray, vapours. Wear personal protective equipment. To avoid violent reaction, always add material to water and never water to material.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Use lined metal can, plastic pail, polyliner pail.
Incompatible products : Strong bases, active metals.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Orthophosphoric acid

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
IOEL TWA	1 mg/m³
IOEL STEL	2 mg/m³
Original IDLH	1,000 mg/m³
2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol	
IOEL TWA	10 ppm / 67.5 mg/m³
IOEL STEL	101.2 mg/m³ / 15 ppm
TEEL-1	30 ppm
TEEL-2	33 ppm
TEEL-3	200 ppm

8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
DNELs	Inhalation 10.7 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 1 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) Inhalation 2 mg/m³ (Local, Acute) *Inhalation 4.57 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) for general population* *Oral 0.1 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) for general population* *Inhalation 0.36 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) for general population*
primary c9-c11 alcoholethoxylate	
DNELs	Dermal 2 080 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 294 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) *Dermal 1 250 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) for general population* *Inhalation 87 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) for general population* *Oral 25 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) for general population*
PNECs	0.104 mg/L (Water (Fresh)) 0.104 mg/L (Water - Intermittent release) 0.014 mg/L (Water (Marine)) 13.7 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Fresh Water)) 13.7 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Marine)) 1 mg/kg soil dw (Soil) 1.4 mg/L (STP)
2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol	
DNELs	Dermal 83 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 67.5 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 67.5 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) Inhalation 101.2 mg/m³ (Local, Acute) *Dermal 50 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) for general population* *Inhalation 40.5 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) for general population* *Oral 5 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) for general population* *Inhalation 40.5 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) for general population* *Inhalation 60.7 mg/m³ (Local, Acute) for general population*
PNECs	1.1 mg/L (Water (Fresh)) 0.11 mg/L (Water - Intermittent release) 11 mg/L (Water (Marine)) 4.4 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Fresh Water)) 0.44 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Marine)) 0.32 mg/kg soil dw (Soil) 200 mg/L (STP) 56 mg/kg food (Oral)
Nitric acid	
PNECs	0.44 mg/L (Water (Fresh)) 0.044 mg/L (Water - Intermittent release) 34.6 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Fresh Water)) 3.46 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Marine)) 33.1 mg/kg soil dw (Soil) 1000 mg/L (STP)

8.1.5. Control banding

Occupational Exposure Band Rating / Limit	
primary c9-c11 alcoholethoxylate	E / ≤ 0.1 ppm
citric acid	E / ≤ 0.01 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:
Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

Eye protection:
Safety glasses with unperforated

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing (neoprene gloves)

Hand protection:
protective gloves

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

No additional information available

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:
Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Colour	:	light yellow.
Appearance	:	Water-white. Yellowish.
Odour	:	Acidic.
Odour threshold	:	Not available
Melting point	:	Not available
Freezing point	:	Not available
Boiling point	:	100ºC
Flammability	:	Not applicable
Explosive limits	:	Not available
Lower explosion limit	:	Not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Not available
Flash point	:	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available
pH	:	1.5 - 2.5
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not available
Solubility	:	Miscible.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	:	Not available
Vapour pressure	:	Not available
Vapour pressure at 50°C	:	Not available

Density	:	1,5 kg/m³
Relative density	:	Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	:	Not available
Particle characteristics	:	Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts exothermically with (some) bases.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Inorganic acids are generally soluble in water with the release of hydrogen ions. The resulting solutions have pH's of less than 7.0.
Inorganic acids neutralise chemical bases (for example: amines and inorganic hydroxides) to form salts - neutralisation can generate dangerously large amounts of heat in small spaces.
The dissolution of inorganic acids in water or the dilution of their concentrated solutions with additional water may generate significant heat.
The addition of water to inorganic acids often generates sufficient heat in the small region of mixing to cause some of the water to boil explosively. The resulting "bumping" can spatter the acid.
Inorganic acids react with active metals, including such structural metals as aluminum and iron, to release hydrogen, a flammable gas.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No additional information available

10.5. Incompatible materials

Active metals, Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Corrosive vapours. Flammable gas.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	:	Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Causes severe skin burns. pH: 1.5 – 2.5
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Causes serious eye damage and pain. pH: 1.5 – 2.5
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	:	Irritation of the respiratory system
Germ cell mutagenicity	:	Not classified
Carcinogenicity	:	Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified
STOT-single exposure	:	Not classified
STOT-repeated exposure	:	Not classified
Aspiration hazard	:	Not classified

	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
UNICLEAN TANK BRITE	Not Available	Not Available
phosphoric acid ... %, orthophosphoric acid ... %	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1260 mg/kg Inhalation (Mouse) LC50; 25.5 mg/m^3/4h Inhalation (Rat) LC50; 25.5 mg/m^3/4h Oral (Rat) LD50; 1530 mg/kg Oral (Rat) LD50; 3500 mg/kg Unreported (human) LDLo: 220 mg/kg	Eye (rabbit): 119 mg – SEVERE Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) Skin (rabbit):595 mg/24h – SEVERE Skin: adverse effect observed (corrosive)
primary c9-c11 alcoholethoxylate	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >5000 mg/kg Oral (Rat) LD50; 1378 mg/kg Oral (Rat) LD50; 1400 mg/kg Oral (Rat) LD50; 2700 mg/kg	Eye (human): SEVERE Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) Skin: SEVERE
2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 4120 mg/kg Oral (Rat) LD50; 5660 mg/kg	Eye (rabbit): 20 mg/24h moderate Eye (rabbit): 5 mg - SEVERE
nitric acid	Oral (Rat) LD50; 3000 mg/kg	Eye (rabbit): 0.75 mg/24h-SEVERE Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild

11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Before neutralisation, the product may represent a danger to aquatic organisms.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Not classified

Phosphoric Acid	
NOEC(ECx) - Algae or other aquatic plants	<7.5mg/l (72h)
LC50 – Fish	67.94-113.76mg/L (96h)
EC50 - Algae or other aquatic plants	77.9mg/l (72h)
EC50 - Crustacea	>100mg/l (48h)

primary c9-c11 alcoholethoxylate	
NOEC(ECx) - Fish	0.11-0.28mg/l (72h)
LC50 – Fish	5-7mg/l (96h)
EC50 - Crustacea	2.5mg/l (48h)
EC50 - Algae or other aquatic plants	1.4mg/l (96h)

2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol	
NOEC(ECx) - Algae or other aquatic plants	>=100mg/l (96h)
EC50 - Algae or other aquatic plants	1101mg/l (72h)
LC50 – Fish	1300mg/l (96h)
EC50 - Crustacea	>100mg/l (48h)
EC50 - Algae or other aquatic plants	>100mg/l (96h)

Nitric acid	
EC50 (ECx) - Crustacea	>50mg/l (48h)
LC50 – Fish	>100mg/l (96h)
EC50 - Algae or other aquatic plants	990mg/l (72h)
EC50 - Crustacea	>50mg/l (48h)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
phosphoric acid	HIGH	HIGH
2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol	LOW	LOW
nitric acid	LOW	LOW

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
phosphoric acid	LOW (LogKOW = -0.7699)
2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol	LOW (BCF = 0.46)
nitric acid	LOW (LogKOW = -1.64)

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
phosphoric acid	HIGH (KOC = 1)
2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol	LOW (KOC = 10)
nitric acid	LOW (KOC = 10)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste)	:	Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods	:	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	:	Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

14.1. UN number or ID number

UN-No. (ADR)	:	UN 1805
UN-No. (IMDG)	:	UN 1805
UN-No. (IATA)	:	UN 1805
UN-No. (ADN)	:	UN 1805
UN-No. (RID)	:	UN 1805

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (ADR)	:	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	:	PHOSPHORIC ACID SOLUTION
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	:	Phosphoric acid, solution
Proper Shipping Name (ADN)	:	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
Proper Shipping Name (RID)	:	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION
Transport document description (ADR)	:	UN 1805 PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION, 8, III, (E)
Transport document description (IMDG)	:	UN 1805 PHOSPHORIC ACID SOLUTION, 8, III
Transport document description (IATA)	:	UN 1805 PHOSPHORIC ACID SOLUTION, 8, III

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR

Transport hazard class(es) (ADR) : 8

Danger labels (ADR) : 8

:

IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 8

Danger labels (IMDG) : 8

:

IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 8

Danger labels (IATA) : 8

ADN

Transport hazard class(es) (ADN) : 8

Danger labels (ADN) : 8

RID

Transport hazard class(es) (RID) : 8

Danger labels (RID) : 8

14.4. Packing group

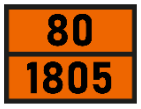
Packing group (ADR)	:	III
Packing group (IMDG)	:	III
Packing group (IATA)	:	III
Packing group (ADN)	:	III
Packing group (RID)	:	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Dangerous for the environment	:	No
Marine pollutant	:	No
Other information	:	No supplementary information available

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Classification code (ADR)	:	C1
Special provisions (ADR)	:	Not applicable
Limited quantities (ADR)	:	5l
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.)	:	
80 Orange plates	:	
Tunnel restriction code (ADR)	:	3 (E)

Transport by sea

Special provisions (IMDG)	:	223
Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	5 L
EmS-No. (Fire)	:	F-A
EmS-No. (Spillage)	:	S-B

Air transport

Special provisions	: A3 A803
Cargo Only Packing Instructions	: 856
Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	: 60 L
Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	: 852
Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	: 5 L
Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instr.	: Y841
Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	: 1 L

Inland waterway transport

Classification code	: C1
Special provisions	: Not Applicable
Limited quantity	: 5 L
Equipment required	: PP, EP
Fire cones number	: 0

Rail transport
Not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Phosphoric acid is found in the following regulatory lists:

- EU Consolidated List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs)
- Europe EC Inventory
- European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)
- European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI
- Norway regulations on action values and limit values for physical chemical factors in the work environment and infection risk groups for biological factors

2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol is found in the following regulatory lists:

- EU Consolidated List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs)

- European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

- EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles
- Europe EC Inventory
- European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI
- dNorway regulations on action values and limit values for physical chemical factors in the work environment and infection risk groups for biological factors

Nitric acid is found on the following regulatory lists:

- Europe EC Inventory
- European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : Directives 98/24/EC, - 92/85/EEC, - 94/33/EC, - 2008/98/EC, - 2010/75/EU; Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as updated through ATPs.

15.1.2. National regulations

National Inventory	Status (*Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory* *No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory.)*
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (phosphoric acid ... %, orthophosphoric acid ... %; primary c9-c11 alcoholethoxylate; 2-(2-butoksyethoxy)ethanol; citric acid)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	No (primary c9-c11 alcoholethoxylate)
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - FBEPH	No (primary c9-c11 alcoholethoxylate)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H300	Fatal if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.